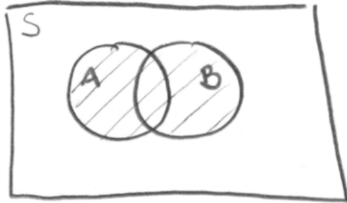


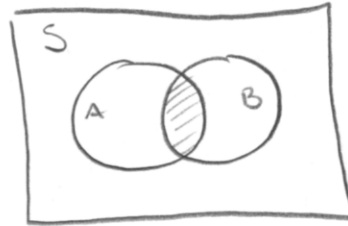
§ 4.5 EVENT RELATIONS & PROBABILITY RULES

JOHN ADAMSKI
2/13/2017

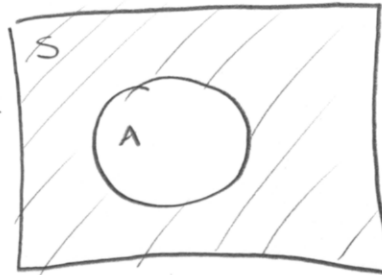
DEF: THE UNION OF A & B ,
 $A \cup B$ = THE EVENT THAT
EITHER A OR B OR BOTH
OCCUR



DEF: THE INTERSECTIONS OF A & B ,
 $A \cap B$ IS THE EVENT THAT
BOTH A & B OCCUR



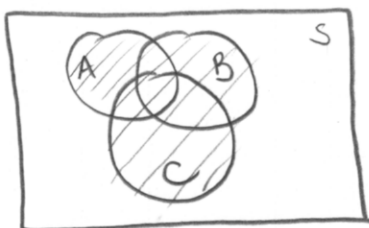
DEF THE COMPLEMENT OF AN
EVENT A , A^c , IS THE
EVENT THAT A DOES NOT
OCCUR



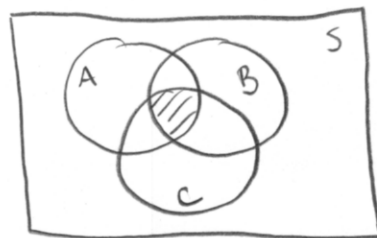
ex 1 TWO FAIR COINS TOSSED.
 A : AT LEAST ONE HEAD.
 B : AT LEAST ONE TAIL.

DEFINE $A, B, A \cup B, A \cap B, A^c, B^c$ AS COLLECTIONS OF
SIMPLE EVENTS & FIND THEIR PROBABILITIES.

EXTENSIONS TO 3 OR MORE EVENTS



$A \cup B \cup C$



$A \cap B \cap C$

ADDITIONS RULE

GIVEN 2 EVENTS A, B.

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

↑
OTHERWISE COUNTED TWICE.

A & B

NOTE: MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE $\Rightarrow P(A \cap B) = 0$

↓
IN PARTICULAR, A & A^c ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE,

AND $A \cup A^c = S$

COMPLEMENTS RULE

$$P(A) + P(A^c) = 1, \text{ i.e.}$$

$$P(A^c) = 1 - P(A)$$

ex. PROB. TABLE p. 143