

§ 2.6 TRANSFORMATIONS OF FUNCTIONS

# 2, 3, 4, 15, 23-28, 47, 48.

61, 67, 69, 71

2. (a) DOWN  
(b) RIGHT

3. (a) X-AXIS  
(b) Y-AXIS

4. (a) II (b) I  
(c) III (d) IV

$$2f(x+5) - 1$$

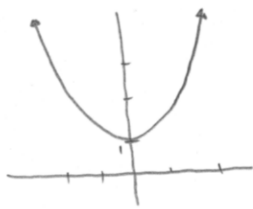
15.(a) STRETCHED VERTICALLY BY FACTOR OF 2,  
SHIFTED 5 UNITS TO THE LEFT,  
THEN SHIFTED 1 UNIT DOWN

(b)  $\frac{1}{4} f(x-3) + 5$

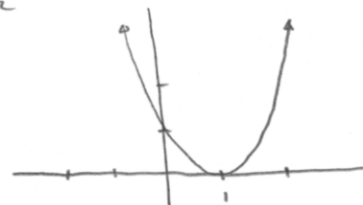
SHRUNK VERTICALLY BY  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,

SHIFTED RIGHT 3 UNITS, THEN SHIFTED UP 5 UNITS.

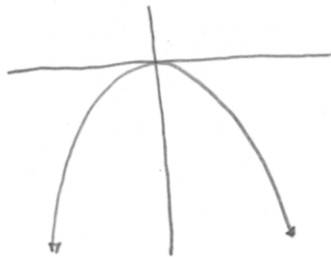
23. (a)  $y = x^2 + 1$



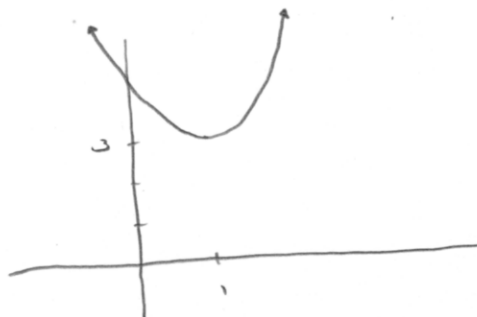
(b)  $y = (x-1)^2$



(c)  $y = -x^2$



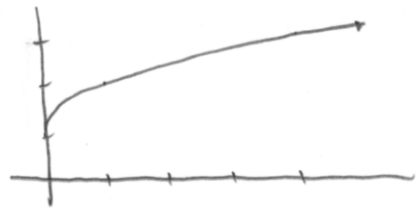
(d)  $y = (x-1)^2 + 3$



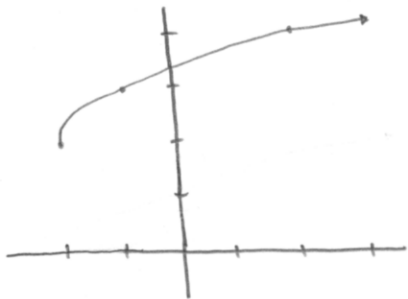
24. (a)  $y = \sqrt{x-2}$



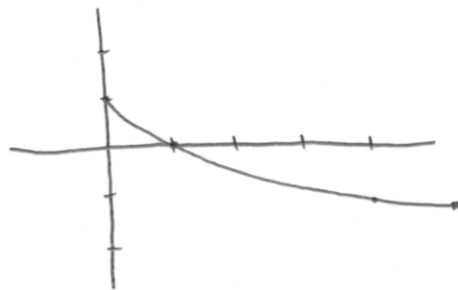
(b)  $y = \sqrt{x} + 1$



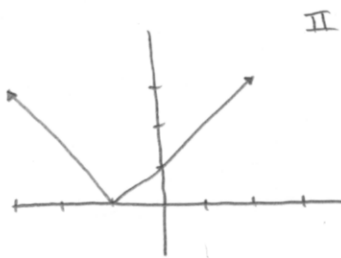
(c)  $y = \sqrt{x+2} + 2$



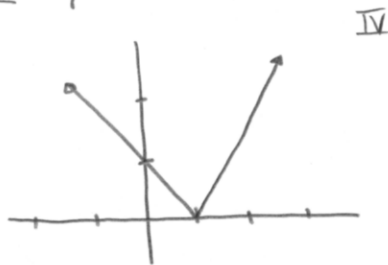
(d)  $y = -\sqrt{x} + 1$



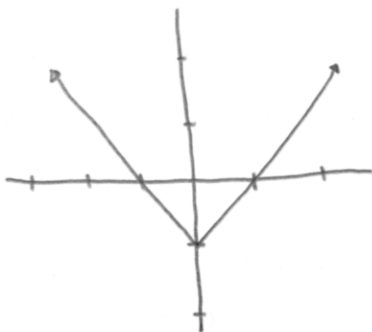
25.  $y = |x+1|$



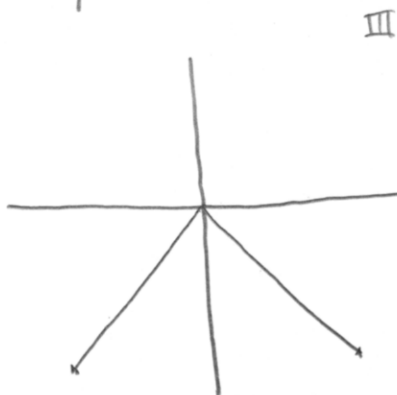
26.  $y = |x-1|$



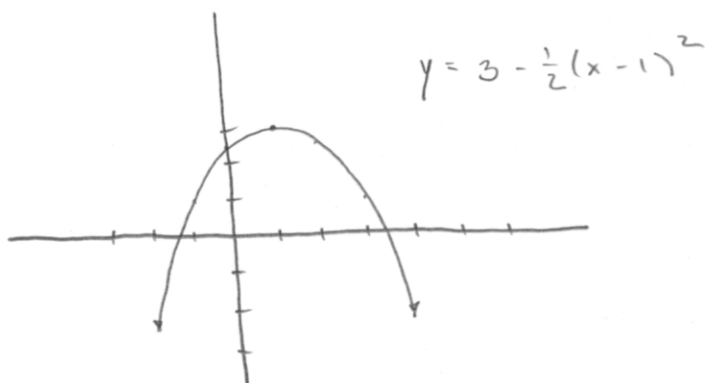
27.  $y = |x| - 1$



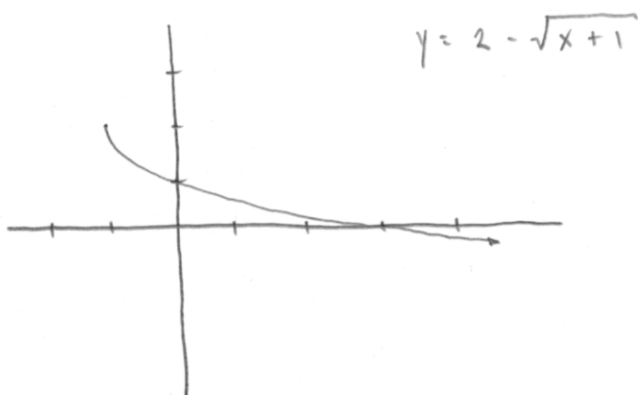
28.  $y = -|x|$



47. SHRUNK VERTICALLY BY  $\frac{1}{2}$  & REFLECTED ACROSS X-AXIS,  
 THEN SHIFTED RIGHT 1 UNIT & UP 3 UNITS.



48. REFLECTED ACROSS X-AXIS,  
 THEN SHIFTED LEFT ONE UNIT & UP 2 UNITS.



61.  $f(x) = x^2 \longrightarrow 2x^2 \longrightarrow 2x^2 - 2 \longrightarrow \boxed{2(x-3)^2 - 2}$

67.  $g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}(x+2)}$

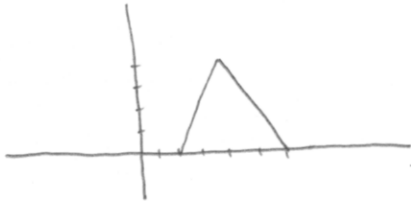
↑

NOTE THAT THE GRAPH HAS BEEN SHRUNK HORIZONTALLY  
 BY A FACTOR OF  $\frac{3}{4}$ . YOU CAN VERIFY THIS BY  
 CHECKING THAT  $g(1) = -2$  & SEEING THAT  
 $(1, -2)$  IS ON THE GRAPH.

69. (a) ③ (b) ①

(c) ② (d) ④

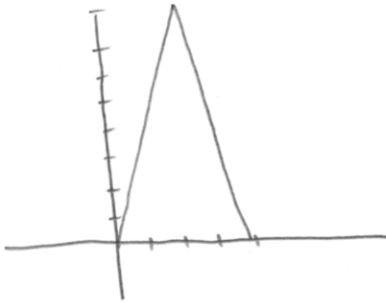
71. (a)  $y = f(x-2)$



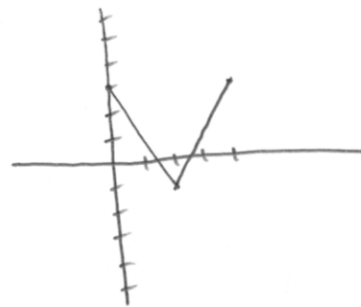
(b)  $y = f(x) - 2$



(c)  $y = 2f(x)$



(d)  $y = -f(x) + 3$



(e)  $y = f(-x)$



(f)  $y = \frac{1}{2}f(x-1)$

