

## §2.3 RATES OF CHANGE AND DERIVATIVES

EX. RECALL GALILEO: DISTANCE  $f(t)$  FALLS  $t$  SECONDS AFTER DROP  
 $s(t) = 4.9t^2$

AVERAGE RATE OF CHANGE OF  $s$  OVER  $[5, 5+h]$  =  $\frac{s(5+h) - s(5)}{5+h - 5} = \frac{4.9(5+h)^2 - 4.9(5)^2}{h}$

$\frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t} = \text{SPEED}$

=  $\frac{4.9(25 + 10h + h^2 - 25)}{h} = \frac{4.9(10 + h)}{1}$

=  $49 + 4.9h$  ft/s

INSTANTANEOUS RATE OF CHANGE OF  $s$  AT  $t=5$ :  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 49 + 4.9h = 49$  ft/s.

Def: THE INSTANTANEOUS RATE OF CHANGE OF  $f(x)$  AT  $x=a$  IS

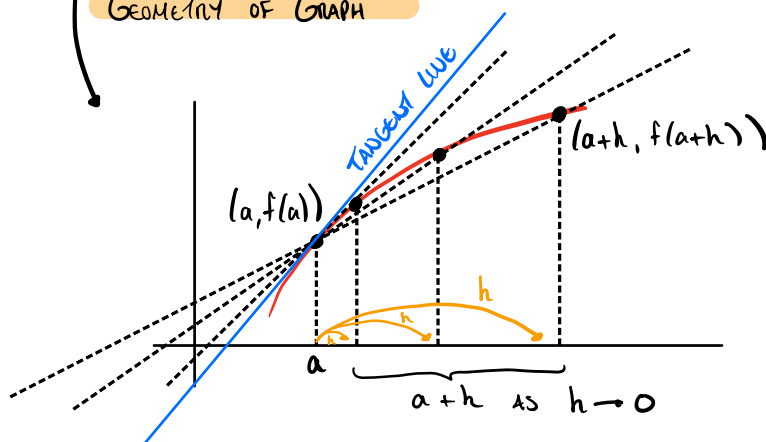
$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$   
 (PROVIDED THAT LIMIT EXISTS)

ALT

Let  $x = a+h$  ( $h = x-a$ )  
 Note as  $h \rightarrow 0$ ,  $x \rightarrow a$

$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$

GEOMETRY OF GRAPH



SECANT LINES CONNECTING  $(a, f(a))$  &  $(x, f(x))$  HAVE SLOPE

$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$

SLOPE OF TANGENT LINE TO  $y=f(x)$  AT  $(a, f(a))$  IS

$m = f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$   
 (PROVIDED THAT LIMIT EXISTS)

AN EQUATION OF THE TANGENT LINE TO  $y=f(x)$  AT POINT  $(a, f(a))$  IS

$y - f(a) = f'(a)(x - a) \rightarrow y = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$

ex. (a) FIND INSTANTANEOUS RATE OF CHANGE OF  $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 5$  WHEN  $x = 2$ .

(b) FIND EQUATION OF TANGENT LINE TO GRAPH  $y = 3x^2 - 2x + 5$  POINT ON GRAPH WITH  $x = 2$ .

ex. (a) FIND INSTANTANEOUS RATE OF CHANGE OF  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}$  WHEN  $x = 3$ .

(b) FIND EQUATION OF TANGENT LINE TO GRAPH  $y = \frac{2}{x+1}$  AT POINT ON GRAPH WITH  $x = 3$ .

ex. (a) FIND INSTANTANEOUS RATE OF CHANGE OF  $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3x+4}$  WHEN  $x = 1$ .

(USE ALT DEF. OF DERIVATIVE  $f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$ )

(b) FIND EQUATION OF TANGENT LINE TO GRAPH  $y = \frac{2x+1}{3x+4}$  AT POINT ON GRAPH WITH  $x = 1$ .

**40. Bacteria population** The number of bacteria after  $t$  hours in a controlled laboratory experiment is  $n = f(t)$ .

(a) What is the meaning of the derivative  $f'(5)$ ? What are its units?

(b) Suppose there is an unlimited amount of space and nutrients for the bacteria. Which do you think is larger,  $f'(5)$  or  $f'(10)$ ? If the supply of nutrients is limited, would that affect your conclusion? Explain.

**41. Fuel consumption** The fuel consumption, measured in gallons per hour, of a car traveling at a speed of  $v$  miles per hour is  $c = f(v)$ .

(a) What is the meaning of the derivative  $f'(v)$ ? What are its units?

(b) Write a sentence (in layman's terms) that explains the meaning of the equation  $f'(20) = -0.05$ .

**43. Heating costs** Let  $H(t)$  be the daily cost, in dollars, to heat an office building when the outside temperature is  $t$  degrees Fahrenheit.

(a) What is the meaning of  $H'(58)$ ? What are its units?

(b) Would you expect  $H'(58)$  to be positive or negative? Explain.

**46. Revenue function** Let  $R(p)$  be the commission a consignment shop takes when they sell an item at  $p$  dollars.

(a) Interpret the statement  $R(450) = 110$ .

(b) Interpret the statement  $R'(450) = 0.25$ .