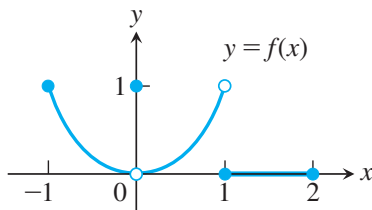


Quiz 2

Name: _____ Section: _____

Answer all 6 questions for a total of 100 points. Write your solutions in the space provided and put a box around your final answers.

1. Use the graph below to find each of the limits. If a limit does not exist, write DNE.



(a) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x)$

(b) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x)$

(c) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x)$

(d) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x)$

(e) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x)$

(f) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$

(g) (4 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$

2. Evaluate each of the following limits. If a limit does not exist, write DNE

(a) (10 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{-2x - 4}{x^3 + 2x^2}$

(b) (10 points) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 8} - 3}{x + 1}$

3. There are two equivalent definitions for the derivative of a function $f(x)$ at a point a , denoted $f'(a)$.

$$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} \quad (\text{Definition 1})$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} \quad (\text{Definition 2})$$

Let $f(x) = \frac{x}{2 - x}$.

- (a) (10 points) Use Definition 1 to find $f'(4)$.

- (b) (6 points) Use your answer to part (a) to give an equation for the line tangent to $y = f(x)$ at the point $(4, -2)$.

4. There are two equivalent definitions for the derivative of a function $f(x)$ at a point a , denoted $f'(a)$.

$$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} \quad (\text{Definition 1})$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} \quad (\text{Definition 2})$$

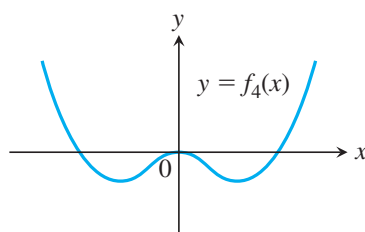
Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x$.

- (a) (10 points) Use Definition 2 to find $f'(2)$.

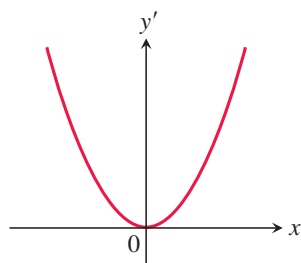
- (b) (6 points) Use your answer to part (a) to give an equation for the line tangent to $y = f(x)$ at the point $(2, 4)$.

5. (10 points) Evaluate the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3}{\sqrt{3x+1}+1}$.

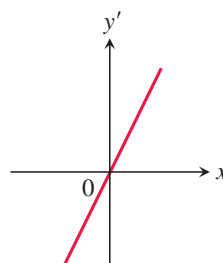
6. (10 points) Consider the graph $y = f(x)$ below.



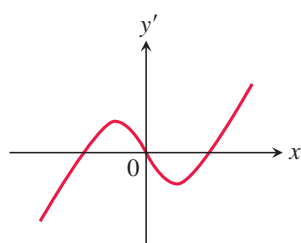
Which one of the following graphs is the graph $y = f'(x)$? Why (briefly)?



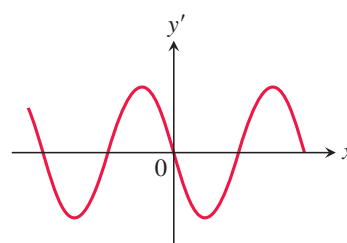
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)